

ATM and PALB2 Variant Curation Guidelines Progress Update: ClinGen Hereditary Breast, Ovarian, and Pancreatic Cancer Variant Curation Expert Panel

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BACKGROUND

- Variant classification for hereditary breast, ovarian, and pancreatic cancer genes is complicated by multifactorial etiology of cancer and incomplete penetrance, causing a lack of consensus in classification of many variants.^{1,2}
- Multiple etiologies and incomplete penetrance with hereditary oncology genes cause complexities in applying phenotype, segregation, and case control criteria
- Classification of variants of uncertain significance (VUS) as pathogenic or benign and resolution of discrepant classifications in ClinVar are crucial for maximizing diagnostic yield and appropriately managing cancer surveillance and treatment.³
- To supersede differences in classification between diagnostic laboratories and further clarify variants of uncertain significance and discrepant variants, ClinGen Variant Curation Expert Panels use an FDA approved process for rule drafting and variant classification to refine the general ACMG/AMP classification rules.

BACKGROUND

Step 1: VCEP Formation

- ClinGen Hereditary Breast, Ovarian and Pancreatic Variant Curation Expert Panel (HBOP VCEP)
- The VCEP focuses on breast, ovarian and pancreatic cancer predisposition genes (non-*BRCA1/2* and non-mismatch repair), including *ATM*, *PALB2*, *RAD51C*, *RAD51D*, *CHEK2*, *BRIP1*, and *BARD1*.
- The 25 HBOP VCEP members include physicians, scientists, and genetic counselors from 8 countries and 18 different institutions and laboratories.
- Members include content experts and variant curators.

Step 2: Draft Specifications

- VCEP reviews literature and data and consults experts
- Each ACMG/AMP sequence variant classification criterion is adopted, modified with gene-specific or disease-specific data, or omitted
- ATM* and *PALB2* were reviewed first (Fig 1)
- Challenges for hereditary oncology genes include multiple etiologies and incomplete penetrance. This causes phenotype, segregation, and case control criteria complexity in applying disease-specific criteria

Step 3: Pilot Specifications

- Pilot variants evaluated using agreed upon gene-specific guidelines (see Fig 2)
- Variants were picked to pilot the specifications with a variety of variant type, breadth of evidence codes applied, multiple assertions in ClinVar.
- Selected variants were classified by biocurator group and reviewed with VCEP members for final approval.
- Rule specifications were further refined as needed after variants had been classified.

Step 4: Sustained Curation

- Variant prioritization includes:
 - Conflicting variants in ClinVar starting with VUS/LP
 - Requests for VCEP input on variants from labs, clinicians, or researchers
 - Batch classifications of variants that can be classified in groups (ex: variants meeting BA1 criteria)
- Biocurators complete variant assessments with approved specifications, and final classifications are submitted to ClinVar as FDA approved classifications.

DISCUSSION

- Standards for gene-specific variant evaluation for *ATM* and *PALB2* were developed by an international group of experts in hereditary cancer genetics to provide guidance on future variant classification and clarify discrepant variant classifications across diagnostic laboratories and research groups.
- The FDA approved process for rules development and variant classification allows for the HBOP VCEP to clarify discrepant classifications in ClinVar.

RESULTS

FIGURE 1: CHANGES TO ACMG/AMP SEQUENCE VARIANT CLASSIFICATION CODES

	Variant Type		Phenotype				Segregation		Functional		in silico		Bioinformatic						Allelic			Population Frequency			Other				
	PVS1	BP7	PS2	PS4	PM6	PP4	PP1	BS4	PS3	BS3	PP3	BP4	PS1	PM1	BP1	PM4	PM5	PP2	BP3	PM3	BS2	BP2	PM2	BA1	BS1	PP5	BP6	BP5	
<i>PALB2</i>	Yellow	Green	Gray	Blue	Gray	Gray	Yellow	Yellow	Gray	Gray	Green	Green	Green	Gray	Yellow	Gray	Yellow	Gray	Gray	Blue	Yellow	Gray	Yellow	Blue	Blue	Blue	Gray	Gray	Gray
<i>ATM</i>	Yellow	Green	Gray	Blue	Gray	Gray	Yellow	Gray	Yellow	Yellow	Green	Green	Green	Gray	Yellow	Gray	Yellow	Gray	Gray	Blue	Yellow	Blue	Yellow	Blue	Blue	Gray	Gray	Gray	

CC: Case Control only; S: Splicing Only; Green: Accepted as is; Yellow: Gene-specific modifications; Blue: Disease-specific modifications; Gray: Not-Applicable

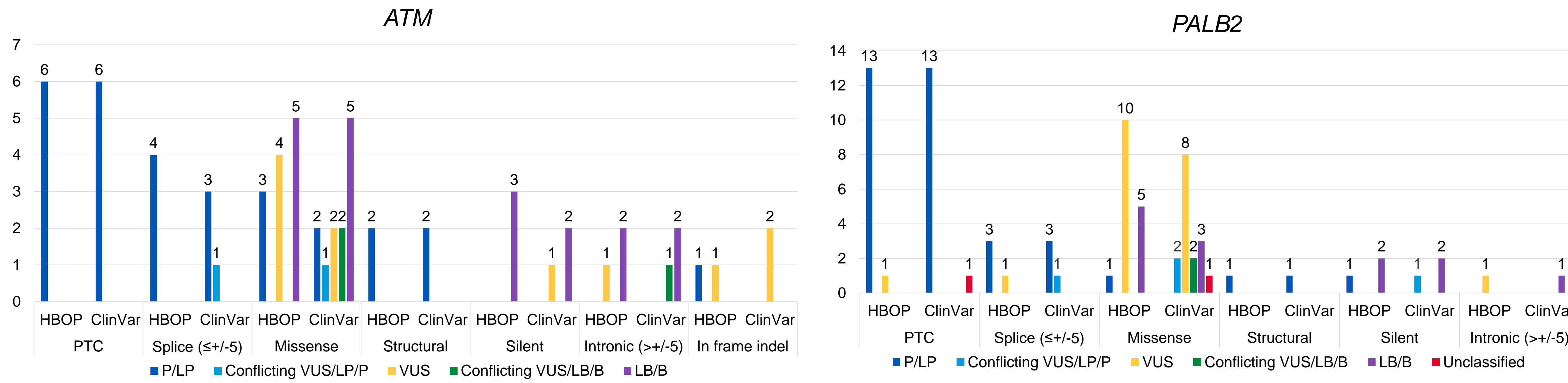
FUTURE DIRECTIONS

- Continuous variant curation for *ATM* and *PALB2*
- Gene-specific sequence variant guidelines for *RAD51C*, *RAD51D*, *CHEK2*, *BRIP1*, and *BARD1*

OBJECTIVE

ClinGen Hereditary Breast, Ovarian and Pancreatic Variant Curation Expert Panel (HBOP VCEP) has developed gene-specific modifications of the ACMG/AMP sequence variant classification guidelines for breast, ovarian and pancreatic cancer predisposition genes, starting with *ATM* and *PALB2*.

FIGURE 2: PILOT VARIANT CLASSIFICATIONS



INTERESTED IN JOINING?

If you are interested in joining our team of experts and biocurators, please reach out to the HBOP VCEP coordinator.
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REFERENCES

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